



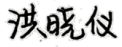
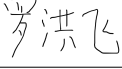
PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

CDTECH Model: **S070BWS146HP V1.0**

CUSTOMER Model: **-**

Description: **7.0 " TFT-LCD Module**

Version: **1.0**

CDTECH	PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY
SIGNATURE			
DATE	2023.9.28	2023.9.28	2023.9.28

CUSTOMER APPROVAL	SIGNATURE	DATE



Record of Revisions

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1. General Specifications

1.1 LCM General Information

Item	Specification	Unit
LCD Size	7.0	inch
Number of Pixels	1024 (H) RGB x 600 (V)	pixels
Display Mode	Normally Black	-
Viewing Direction	Free	o' clock
Interface	MIPI	-
Display Colors	16.7M	colors
Outline Dimension	163.8 (H) x 97.0 (V) x 2.8 (D)	mm
Active Area	154.21 (H) x 85.92 (V)	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.1505 (H) x 0.1432 (V)	mm
Driver IC	EK79007+EK73217	-
Operation Temperature	-20~70	°C
Storage Temperature	-30~80	°C

Note1:Requirements on environmental protection RoHS compliant.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Analog Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	5.0	V	Note 1

Note 1:Permanent damage may occur to the LCD module if beyond this specification.

Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Recommended Operating Condition for TFT LCD

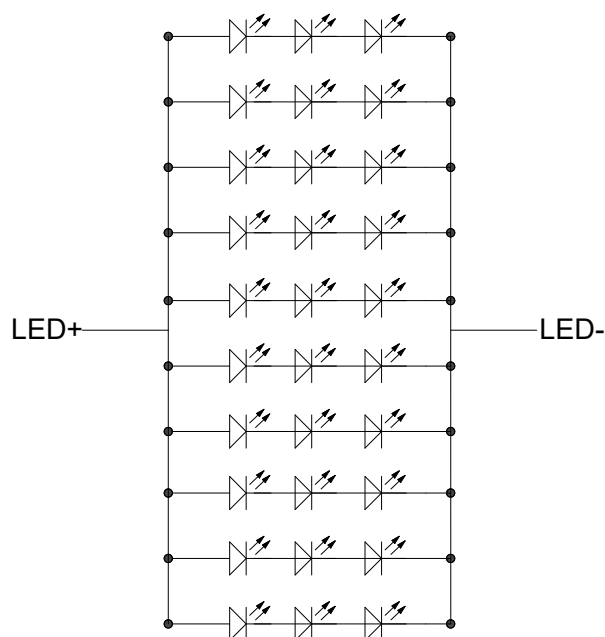
Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Analog Supply voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Analog supply current	I _{VDD}	-	TBD	-	mA	VDD=3.3V
Logic input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7*VDD	-	VDD	V	
	V _{IL}	GND	-	0.3*VDD	V	

3.2 Recommended Driving Condition for Backlight

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Driving Current	I _F	-	160	-	mA	
Driving Voltage	V _F	8.1	-	10.2	V	
Power consumption	W _{BL}	1.296	-	1.632	W	
LED Life-Time	N/A	-	50,000	-	Hours	Ta=25°C Note 1

Note 1: LED lifetime is defined as the module brightness decay 50% of original brightness at Ta=25 degree, typical current.

Note 2: LED circuit :



4. Interface Pin Assignment

4.1 LCM Pin Assignment

Recommended connector: FH12-26S-0.5SH manufactured by HIROSE

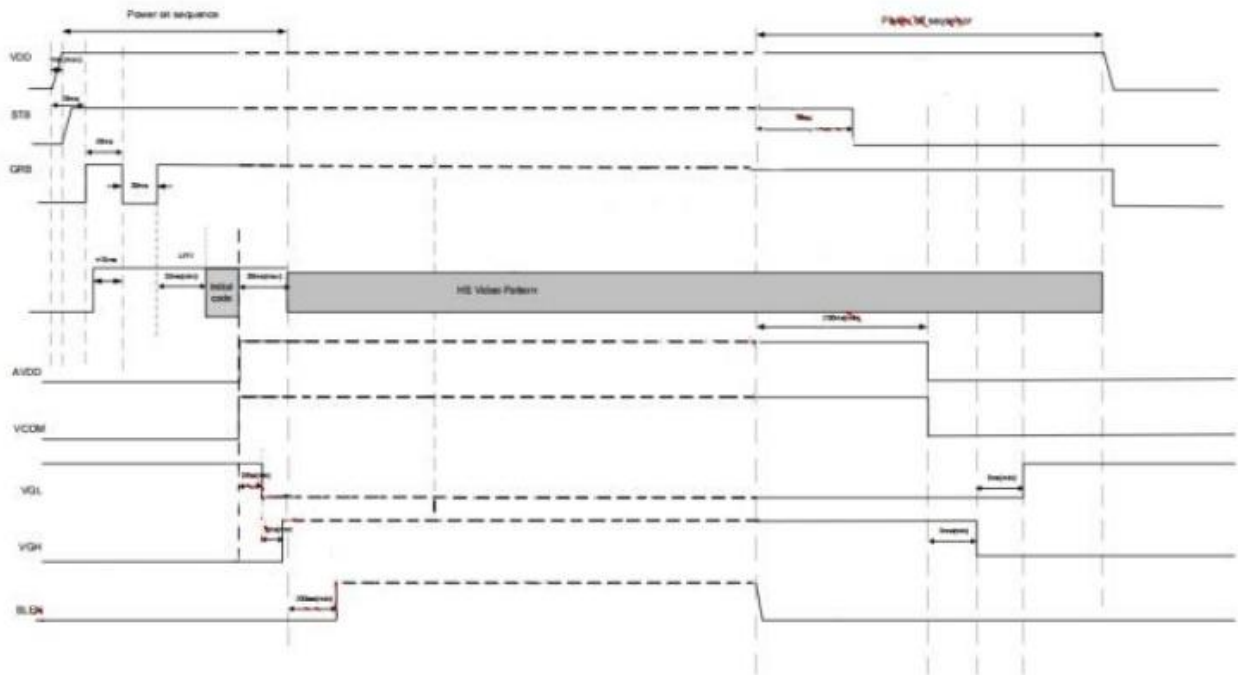
No.	Symbol	Description
1	VLED+	Power for LED backlight (Anode)
2	VLED+	Power for LED backlight (Anode)
3	VLED-	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
4	VLED-	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
5	UPDN	Up / down Selection
6	SHLR	Left / right Selection
7	VDD(3.3V)	Power Supply (3.3V)
8	VDD(3.3V)	Power Supply (3.3V)
9	GND	Ground
10	MIPI_D3_N	MIPI Positive data signal(-)
11	MIPI_D3_P	MIPI Negative data signal(+)
12	GND	Ground
13	MIPI_D0_N	MIPI Negative data signal(-)
14	MIPI_D0_P	MIPI Positive data signal(+)
15	GND	Ground
16	MIPI_CLK_N	MIPI Negative data signal(-)
17	MIPI_CLK_P	MIPI Positive data signal(+)
18	GND	Ground
19	MIPI_D2_N	MIPI Negative data signal(-)
20	MIPI_D2_P	MIPI Positive data signal(+)
21	GND	Ground
22	MIPI_D1_N	MIPI Negative data signal(-)
23	MIPI_D1_P	MIPI Positive data signal(+)
24	GND	Ground
25	STBYB(1.8V)	Power supply(1.8V)
26	LRSTB	Global reset pin

5. Interface Characteristics

5.1 Power Sequence

In order to prevent IC from power on reset fail, the rising time (TPOR) of the digital power supply VDD should be maintained within the given specifications. Refer to "AC Characteristics" for more detail on timing.

10.1.1. Power On/Off Sequence

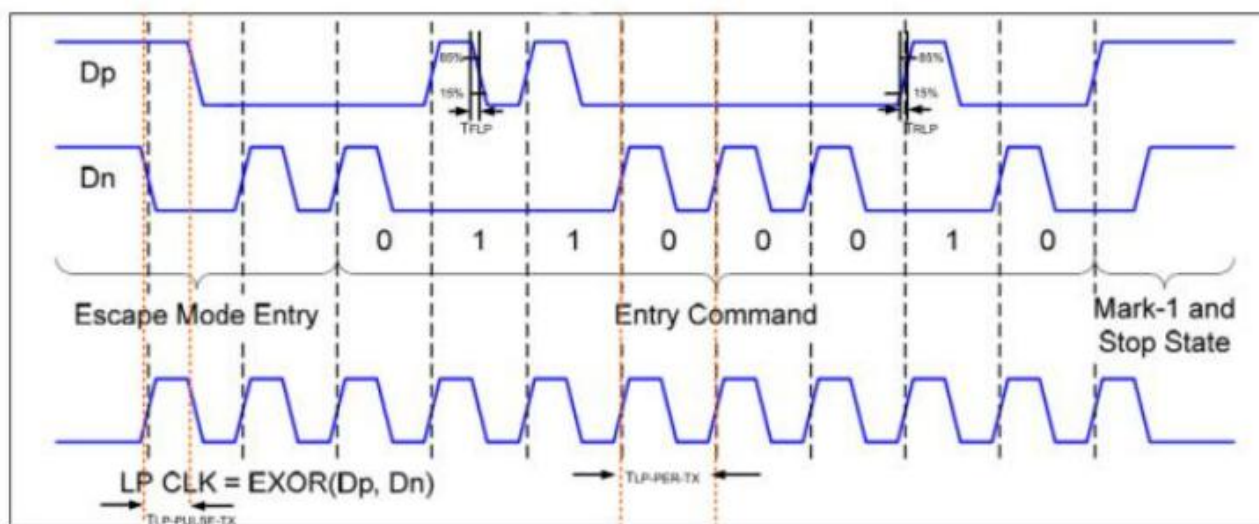


Note: CLK and Data Lanes should keep in LP11(stop state) before GRB.

5.2 Timing Characteristics

MIPI AC Characteristic

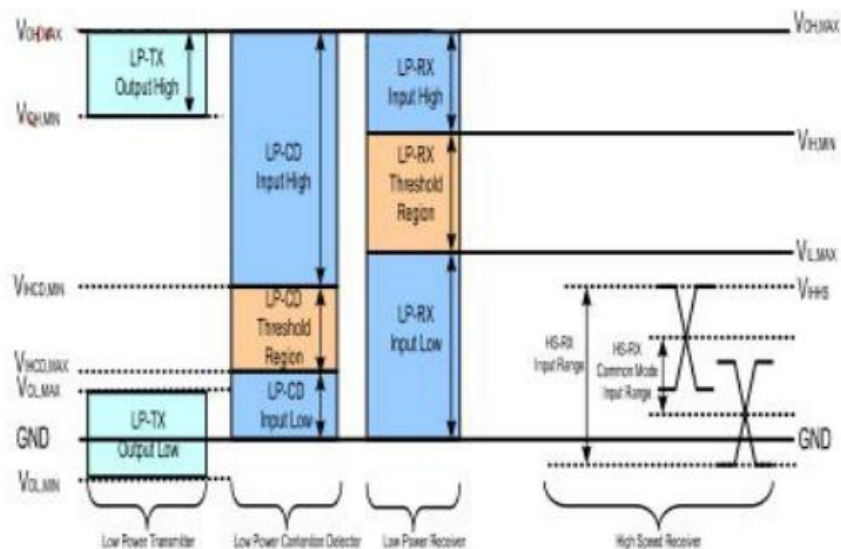
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
15%~85% rising time and falling time	T_{RLP} / T_{FLP}	-	-	25	ns	-
30%~85% rising time and falling time	T_{REOT}	-	-	35	ns	-
Pulse width of LP exclusive-OR clock First LP EXOR clock pulse after STOP state or Last pulse before stop state	$T_{LP-PULSE-TX}$	40	-	-	ns	-
		20	-	-	ns	-
Period of the LP EXOR clock	$T_{LP-PER-TX}$	90	-	-	mV/ns	-
Slew Rate @CLOAD =0pF	$\delta V / \delta t_{SR}$	30	-	500	mV/ns	-
Slew Rate @CLOAD =5pF		30	-	200	mV/ns	-
Slew Rate @CLOAD =20pF		30	-	150	mV/ns	-
Slew Rate @CLOAD =70pF		30	-	100	mV/ns	-
Load Capacitance	T_{RLP}	-	-	70	pF	-



MIPI Interface DC Characteristic

(VDD=VDD_IF=1.8V, AVDD=8 to 13.5V, GND=AGND=GND_IF=0V, TA=-20°C to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
MIPI Characteristics for High Speed Receiver					
Single-ended input low voltage	VILHS	-40	-	-	mV
Single-ended input high voltage	VIHHS	-	-	460	mV
Common-mode voltage	VCDRXDC	70	-	330	mV
Differential input impedance	ZID		100		ohm
HS transmit differential voltage(VOD=VDP-VDN)	VOD	140	200	250	mV
MIPI Characteristics for Low Power Mode					
Pad signal voltage range	VI	-50	-	1350	mV
Ground shift	VGNDISH	-50	-	50	mV
Logic 0 input threshold	VIL	0	-	550	mV
Logic 1 input threshold	VIH	880	-	1350	mV
Input hysteresis	VHYST	25	-	-	mV
Output low level	VOL	-50	-	50	mV
Output high level	VOH	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Output impedance of Low Power Transmitter	ZOLP	80	100	125	ohm
Logic 0 contention threshold	VILCD,MAX	-	-	200	mV
Logic 0 contention threshold	VIHCD,MIN	450	-	-	mV

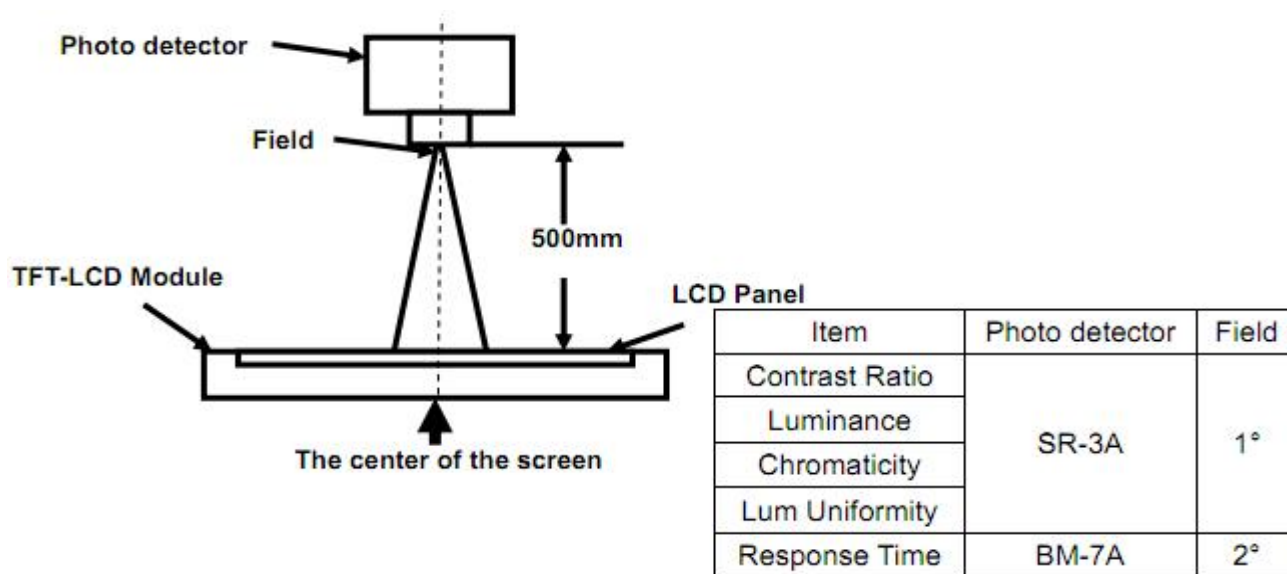


6. Optical Specifications

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Viewing Angle (CR≥10) B/L ON	θ_T	$\Phi=90^\circ$ (12 o'clock)	-	85	-	deg	Note2
	θ_B	$\Phi=270^\circ$ (6 o'clock)	-	85	-	deg	Note2
	θ_L	$\Phi=180^\circ$ (9 o'clock)	-	85	-	deg	Note2
	θ_R	$\Phi=0^\circ$ (3 o'clock)	-	85	-	deg	Note2
Response Time	T_{ON}	Normal $\theta=\Phi=0^\circ$	-	15	20	msec	Note4
	T_{OFF}		-	15	20	msec	Note4
Contrast Ratio	CR		500	800	-	-	Note1 Note3
Color Chromaticity	W_X		0.275	0.325	0.375	-	Note1 Note5
	W_Y		0.310	0.360	0.410	-	Note1 Note5
Luminance	L		500	550	-	cd/m ²	Note1 Note7
Luminance Uniformity	Y_U		75	80	-	%	Note1 Note6
NTSC	-		-	50	-	%	-

Note 1: Definition of optical measurement system

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system

Viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE(ergo-80).

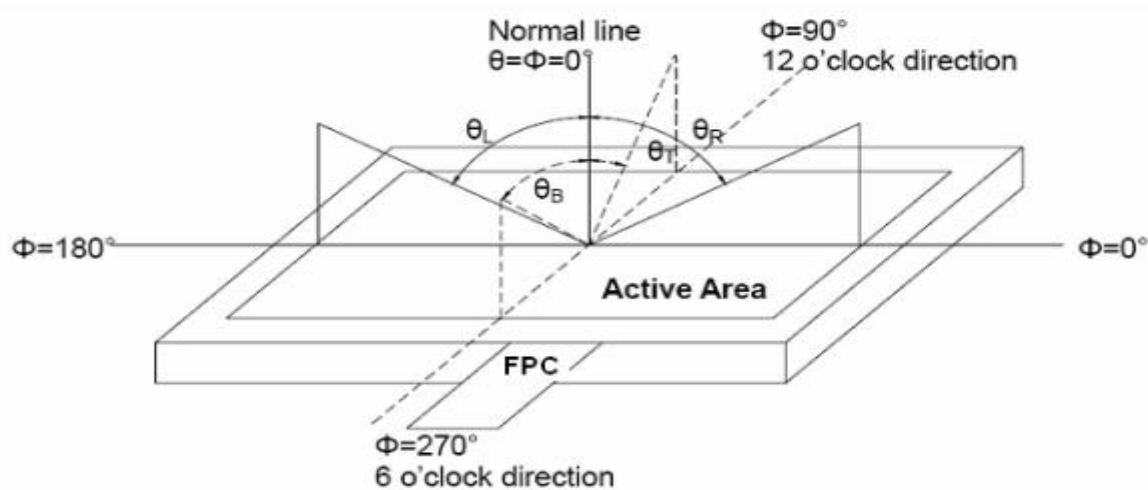


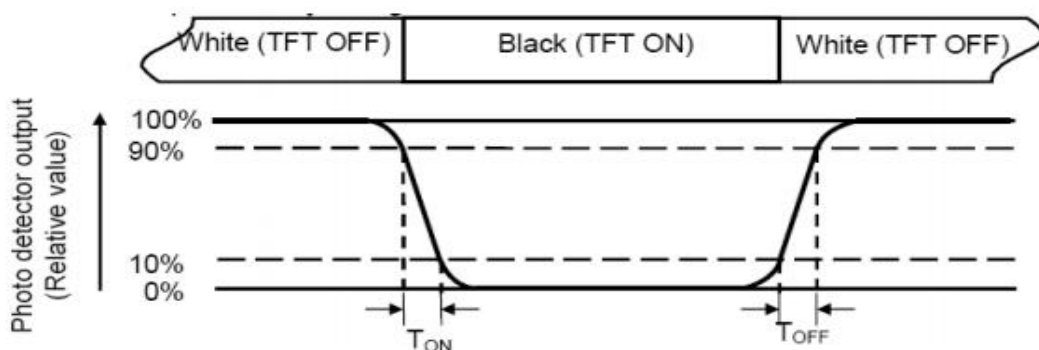
Fig. 1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 3: Definition of contrast ratio

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels black}}$$

Note 4: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between “White” state and “Black” state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

The luminance uniformity in surface luminance is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through n, and then dividing the maximum luminance of n points luminance by minimum luminance of n points luminance. For more information see FIG.2.

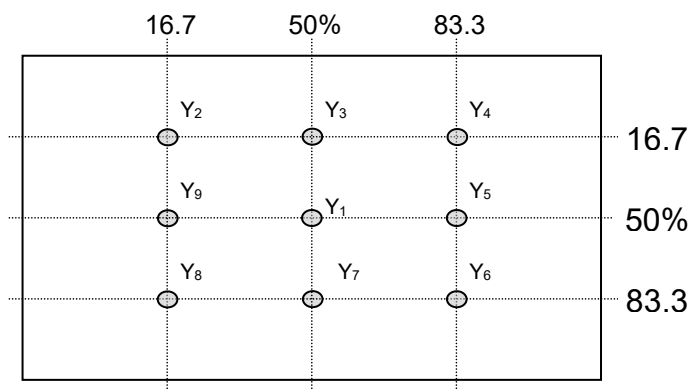


Fig. 2 Definition of points

Note 7: Definition of Luminance (Refer Fig. 2)

Surface luminance is the luminance with all pixels displaying white.

L_v = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels($P_1, P_2, P_3, \dots, P_n$).

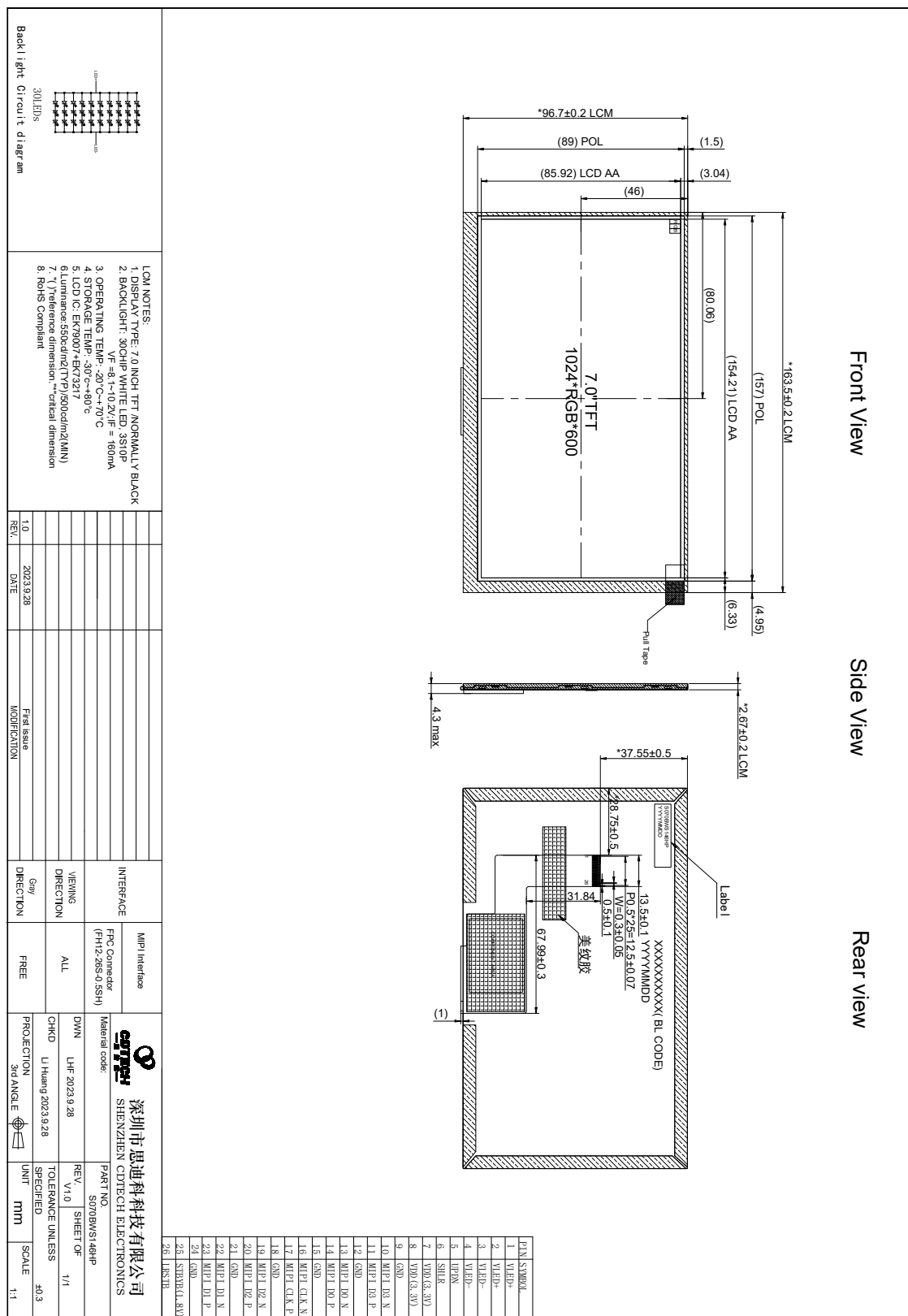
6. Reliability Test Items

Test Item	Test Conditions
High Temperature Storage	Ta= +80℃ 96hrs
Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -30℃ 96hrs
High Temperature Operation	Ta= +70℃ 96hrs
Low Temperature Operation	Ta= -20℃ 96hrs
High Temperature and Humidity Storage	Ta= +60℃, 90% RH 96hrs
Thermal Shock (Non-operation)	-30℃/30 min ~ +80℃/30 min for 20 cycles Start with cold temperature end with high temperature
Electro Static Discharge	Contact = ± 4 kV, class B Air = ± 8 kV, class B R=330Ω,C=150pF
Vibration	Sweep: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Stroke: 1.5mm 2 hrs for each direction of X .Y. Z.
Mechanical Shock	60G 6ms,±X,±Y,±Z 3 times for each direction
Package Drop Test	Height: 60 cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces

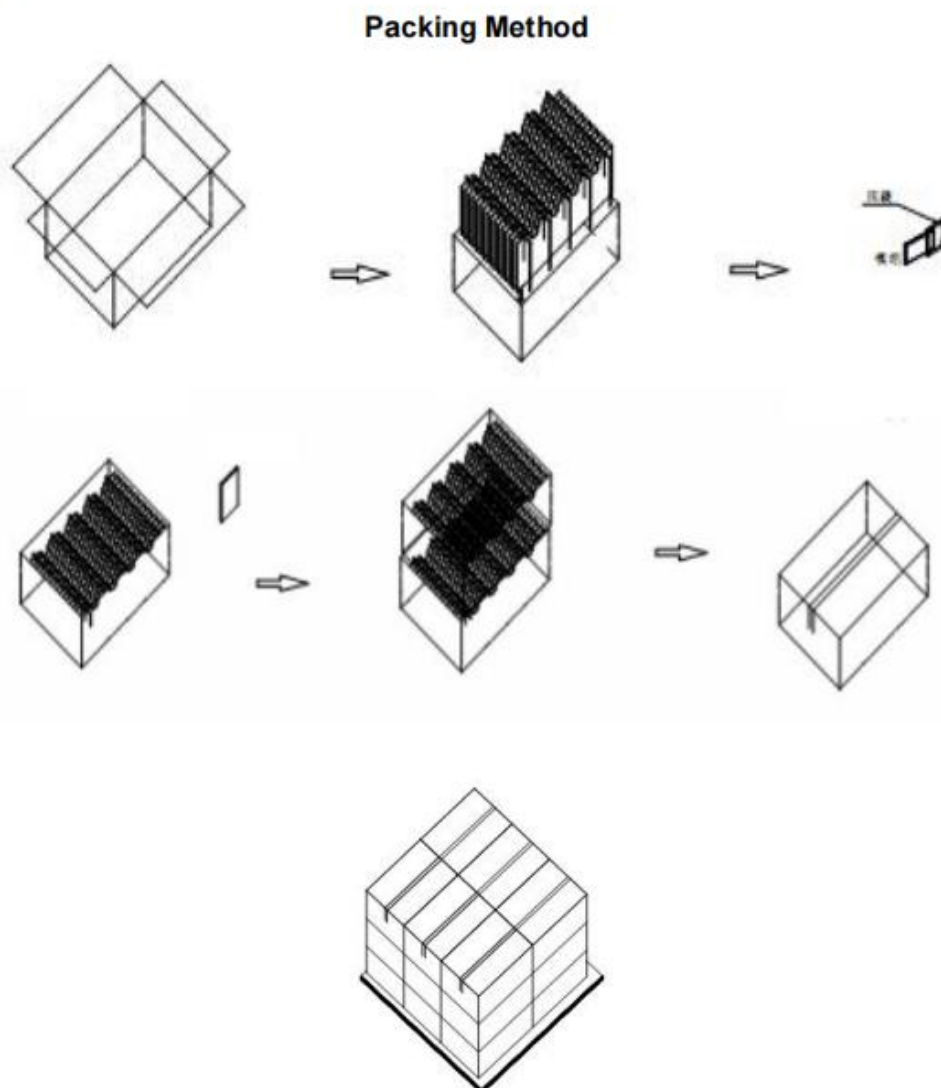
Notes: The test result shall be evaluated after the sample has been left at room temperature and humidity for 2 hours without load. No condensation shall be accepted. The sample will not be accepted if appear these defects:

- 1). Air bubble in the LCD
- 2). Seal leak or Glass crack
- 3). Non display or abnormal display
- 4). Brightness reduction >50%

8. Mechanical Drawing



9. Packing



Steps:

1. Put module into tray cavity
2. Tray stacking
3. Put 1 cardboard under the tray stack and 1 cardboard above
4. Fix the cardboard to the tray stack with adhesive tape
5. Put the tray stack into carton
6. Carton sealing with adhesive tape

10. Precautions for Use of LCD modules

10.1 Handling Precautions

10.1.1. The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.

10.1.2. If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.

10.1.3. Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

10.1.4. The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

10.1.5. If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketene
- Aromatic solvents

10.1.6. Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.

10.1.7. If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

10.1.8. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

10.1.8.1. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.

10.1.8.2. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.

10.1.8.3. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

10.1.8.4. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

10.2 Storage Precautions

10.2.1. When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

10.2.2. The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range if the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is :

Temperature : 0℃ ~40℃ Relatively humidity: ≤80%

10.2.3. The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

10.3 Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.